TOWNSHIP OF SHERMAN ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

March 31, 2005

#### **Auditing Procedures Report**

	HIII F				y veh	JI L					
Local Gove	ernment Type  Tow			Village	Other	Local Governme SHERMAN	nt Name I <b>TOWNSHIP</b>		ST .	<sup>by</sup> JOSEPH	
Audit Date Opinion Date Date Accountant Report Submitted to State: 12/9/05											
accordan	ce with the Statemen	ne Sta	ateme	ents of th	ne Governi	mental Accou	overnment and renderenting Standards Board of the Michigan by	(GASB) and	the Uniform	Reporting For	
		lied w	ith th	e Bulletin	for the Au	dits of Local U	nits of Government in M	<i>ichigan a</i> s revi	sed.		
2. We a	are certifie	d publi	ic aco	countants	registered	to practice in	Michigan.				
	er affirm th				sponses h	ave been discl	osed in the financial stat	ements, includ	ting the note:	s, or in the repo	ort of
You must	check the	applic	cable	box for e	each item b	elow.					
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	1. (	Certa	in compo	nent units/f	funds/agencies	s of the local unit are exc	cluded from the	e financial st	atements.	
Yes	<b>₽</b> No			are acc f 1980).	umulated d	leficits in one	or more of this unit's ur	nreserved fund	d balances/re	tained eaming	ıs (P.A
<b>✓</b> Yes	☐ No			are inst ded).	ances of r	non-compliance	e with the Uniform Acce	ounting and E	Sudgeting Ad	t (P.A. 2 of 19	968, a
Yes	<b>✓</b> No						ions of either an order the Emergency Municipa		the Municip	al Finance Ac	t or it
Yes	<b>₽</b> No		5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943 as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).								
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	6. T	The lo	ocal unit h	nas been de	elinquent in dis	stributing tax revenues th	at were collec	ted for anoth	er taxing unit.	
Yes	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earner  Yes No 7. pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).										
Yes	<b>∠</b> No			ocat unit 129.241)		it cards and h	as not adopted an app	licable policy	as required	by P.A. 266 o	of 1995
Yes	<b>₽</b> No	9. T	he lo	ocal unit h	nas not ado	pted an invest	ment policy as required t	oy P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL	129.95).	
We have	enclosed	the fo	ollow	/ing:				Enclosed	To Be		
The letter	r of comm	ents a	nd re	commen	dations.					V	,
Reports of	on individu	al fed	eral fi	inancial a	ssistance p	programs (prog	gram audits).			V	,
Single Au	Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).										
Certified Pu	ublic Account	ant (Firm	n Nam	e)							
Norma	n & Paul	•							12	T	
Street Addr 127 W.	ess Chicago	Rd,					Sturgis		State MI	<sup>ZIP</sup> 49091	
Accountant	According Signature  According										

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As shown in the required supplemental information, the Township budgeted a breakeven position in the original budget and a decrease of \$4,400 in the amended budget. Actual operating results ended up as a decrease of \$11,811.

The original budget was amended to reflect an increase in projected revenues of \$18,000. Actual results ended the fiscal year within \$11,515 of the amended budget.

The original budget was amended to reflect an increase in projected expenditures of \$22,400. Actual results ended the fiscal year within \$18,926 of the amended budget.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the total capital assets of the Township increased by \$25,825 which was for the Township Hall renovation project and was funded internally.

The Township has no debt obligations.

#### Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Treasurer's office.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2005

ASSETS	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Current Assets:	\$ 472,683
Cash and cash equivalents	•
Receivables - net	41,954
Prepaid expenses	4,960
Total current assets	519,597
Noncurrent Assets:	
Receivables - net	-
Capital assets, net of	
accumulated depreciation	209,745
Total noncurrent assets	209,745
Matal casata	720 242
Total assets	729,342
I I ADII I III I C	
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	10 300
Accounts payable	10,309
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	209,745
Unrestricted	509,288
Total net assets	\$ 719,033
TOTAL HET ASSETS	7 19,033

See accompnying notes to financial statements

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

	E	Program Rever	uues	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Community development	\$ 151,364 43,147 29,006 56,614	\$ 5,823 310 - 4,000	\$ - 6,826	\$ (145,541) (42,837) (22,180) (52,614)
Total governmental activities	\$ 280,131	\$ 10,133	\$ 6,826	(263,172)
			es	47,963 219,874 6,470 249
	Total	general rev	enues	274,556
	CHANGE IN	NET ASSETS		11,384
	NET ASSETS	- BEGINNING		707,649
	NET ASSETS	- ENDING		\$ 719,033

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2005

<b>-</b>	General <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenditures	\$ 472,683 69,680 4,960
Total assets	\$ 547,323
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ 10,309 27,726
Total liabilities	38,035
FUND BALANCE Designated for:	
Public improvements Road improvements Fire protection Unreserved, undesignated	8,073 107,805 115,900 277,510
Total fund balances	509,288
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 547,323

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2005

Total governmental fund balances	\$	509,288
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets \$ 213,375 Less accumulated depreciation (3,630)		209,745
Other long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds		27,726
Other long-term receivables we reported net of an allowance for uncollectibes in the statement of net assets		(27,726)
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Governmental capital assets \$ 213,375 Less accumulated depreciation (3,630)  Other long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds  Other long-term receivables we reported net of an allowance for uncollectibes in the statement	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Governmental capital assets \$ 213,375 Less accumulated depreciation (3,630)  Other long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds  Other long-term receivables we reported net of an allowance for uncollectibes in the statement

\$ 719,033

Net assets of governmental activities

See accompanying notes to financial statements

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

	General Fund
REVENUES Taxes and penalties State grants Charges for services Interest Other	\$ 47,963 224,698 10,133 6,470 2,251
Total revenues	291,515
EXPENDITURES General government Public safety Public works Community development Capital outlay	148,734 43,147 29,006 56,614 25,825
Total expenditures	303,326
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,811)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	521,099
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 509,288

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (11,811)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense

25,825 (2,630)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 11,384

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2005

_	ASSETS	Agency Funds
-	Cash	\$ 1,097
-	LIABILITIES	
-	Undistributed tax collections	\$ 1,097
•		
-		

See accompanying notes to financial statements

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Township of Sherman conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to townships. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The more significant accounting policies establishing GAAP and used by the Township are discussed below.

The Township adopted GASB 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB 37, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments Omnibus as of April 1, 2004. Certain of the significant changes in GASB 34 include the following:

- \* A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operation has been included with the financial statements.
- \* Government-wide financial statements (statement of net assets and statement of activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities have been provided.
- \* Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets includes assets totaling \$186,550 previously reported in the General Fixed Asset Account Group. In addition, the governmental activities column includes debt obligations totaling \$-0- previously reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.
- \* A change in the fund financial statements to focus on major funds.

The Township also adopted GASB 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, as of April 1, 2004. GASB 38 modifies note disclosures required by GAAP. The adoption of this change in accounting principles had no effect on the financial condition or result of operations of any of the Township's funds as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, but did change some of the disclosures required for the notes to the financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Reporting Entity

Sherman Township is located in St. Joseph County, Michigan, and provides services to approximately 3,248 residents in many areas including public safety, highways and streets, general administrative services, fire protection, and community enrichment and development. The Township is a general law township, and is governed by a 5-member board elected by the citizens of Sherman Township. The board consists of the supervisor, clerk, treasurer, and two trustees whom reside in the community.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, GASB 14, these financial statements present the Township (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. There are no component units to be included in these financial statements.

Basis of Accounting - Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Township and for each governmental and component unit program. expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Some functions, such as administrative and financial services include expenses that are, in essence, indirect expenses of other functions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of Accounting - Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township or meets the following criteria:

- \* Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- \* Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The Township reports the following major funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Township. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

The following is a description of three major categories and various fund types within those categories into which the funds are grouped:

Governmental Fund - All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenue Recognition - "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Reimbursements due for state and federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made. All other revenue is recognized as payments are received.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Expenditure Recognition - The measurement focus of governmental accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The following is a description of the governmental fund types of the Township:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Township. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

Proprietary Funds - All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

The following is a description of the proprietary fund types of the Township:

Fiduciary Funds (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Township programs.

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the general fund. The Township adopts its budget in accordance with Public Act 621, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, which mandates an annual budget process and an annual appropriation act to implement the budget. The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- \* On or about March 31, the Township Board submits to the general public a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- \* Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- \* On or about April 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of resolution.
- \* The Township Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments.
- \* The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- \* Appropriations for the general fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- \* Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

**Deposits and Investments -** Statutes authorize the primary government and component units to invest in the following:

- \* In bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States or agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- \* In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, a saving and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- \* In commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- \* In United States government of federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- \* In banker's acceptances of United States banks.
- \* In obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- \* In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

**Prepaid Items** - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Capital Assets and Depreciation - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 (\$10,000 for infrastructure assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost of purchase or construction. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Governments elect to account for infrastructure assets retroactively to June 15, 1980, or prospectively. The Township has elected to account for infrastructure assets prospectively, beginning April 1, 2004. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are also capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Depreciable
	<u>Life-Years</u>
Roads	40
Land improvements	15-30
Buildings and improvements	15-40
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	2-7
Furniture and other	3-7

**Deferred Revenue -** In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with resources for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Property Taxes - The Township's property taxes are levied as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1 and are due without penalty on or before February 14. These tax bills include the Township's own property taxes and a portion of the taxes billed on behalf of other governments and school districts within the Township's boundaries. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to St. Joseph County for collection. The County advances the Township 100% for delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the Township's treasurer. The Township's property taxes levied on December 1 provide the revenue for the current fiscal year.

Taxes collected and remitted to other governments and school districts are accounted for in the Tax Collection Fund.

The assessed and state equalized taxable value of real and personal property located in the Township totaled \$89,018,344. The Township's general operating levy for the year was based on a millage rate of .5000.

Fund Equity - In the fund statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township's deposits and investments are included on the balance sheet under the following classifications:

	Primary <u>Governme</u> r			
Statement of Net Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets:	\$	472,683		
Cash		1,097		
Total	\$	473,780		

**Cash** - Statutes require that certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, and depository receipts are made with banks doing and having a place of business in the state of Michigan that are also members of a federal or national insurance corporation.

At March 31, 2005, the book balance was \$473,780 and the bank balance (without recognition of outstanding checks or deposits in transit) was \$485,516, of which \$159,294 was insured by federal depository insurance and \$-0- was uninsured and uncollateralized. The balance of \$326,222 was invested in bank municipal investment funds which are not categorized by risk.

The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution it deposits Township Funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Township's individual major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Receivables:	Ger	neral
State revenue sharing Property taxes Annexation agreements Interest Court judgements	\$	34,298 3,639 2,920 1,097 27,726
Gross receivables		69,680
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		27,726
Net total receivables	\$	41,954

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue has been reported in the governmental funds in the amount of \$27,726 for the outstanding balance of court judgements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended March 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Balance April 1, 2004	Additions	Disposals	Balance March 31,		
Governmental activiti	ies					
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land		\$ -	-	\$ 500		
Capital assets, bein depreciated:	-					
Land improvements Buildings and	s -	1,380	-	1,380		
improvements	187,050	24,445		211,495		
Subtotal	187,050	25,825	-	212,875		
Accumulated depreciat	ion					
Land improvements	5 -	-	-	-		
Buildings and improvements	1,000	2,630		3,630		
Subtotal	1,000	2,630	<del>-</del>	3,630		
Net capital assets being depreciated	186,050			209,245		
Net capital assets	\$ 186,550		<u> </u>	209,745		
Depreciation expense follows:	e was charg	ed to functio	ns of the T	ownship as		
Covernmental activit	Covernmental activities					

Governmental activities
General government

\$ 2,630

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2005

#### NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Township has purchased commercial insurance for most risks of loss to which it is exposed. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 6 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

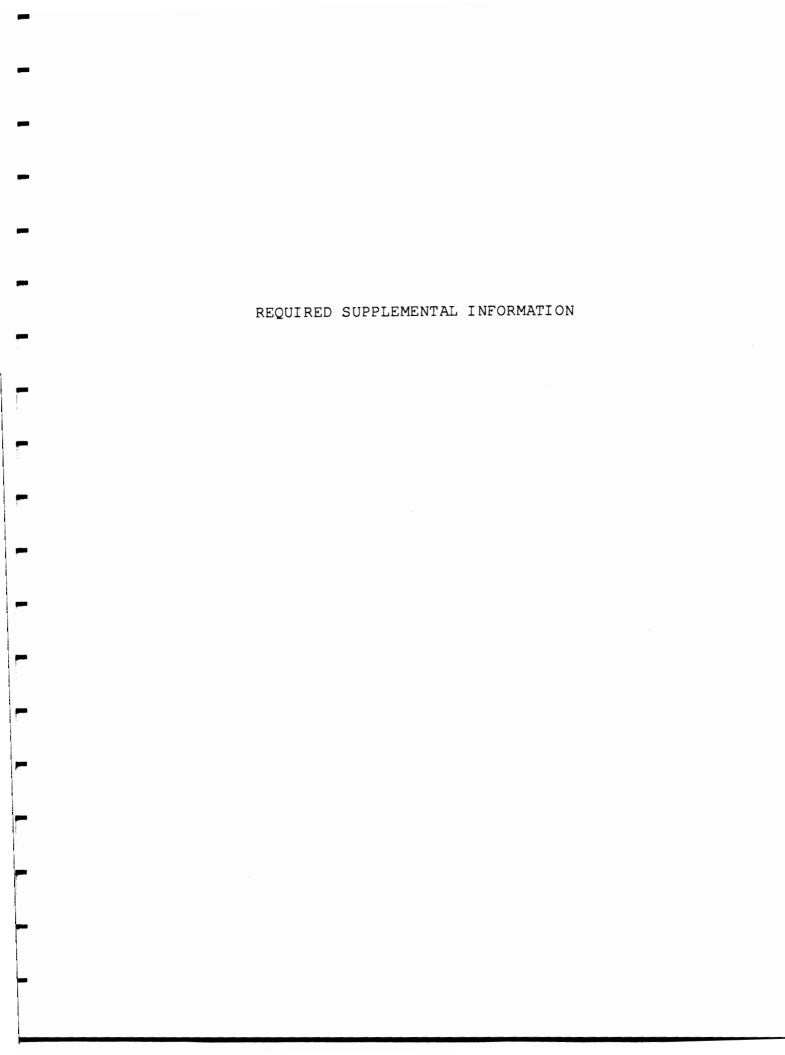
The annual budget is prepared by the Township management and adopted by the Township Board; subsequent amendments are approved by the Township Board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at yearend; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the Township were adopted on a function level basis.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Township incurred the following expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control.

Fund	Function	 Budget	_	Actual	 Variance
General	Community development Capital outlay	•		56,614 25,825	•



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

_		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Amended Budget
	REVENUES Taxes and penalties State grants Charges for services Interest Other	\$ 43,000 215,000 - 4,000	\$ 44,000 \$ 220,000 10,000 4,000 2,000	47,963 224,698 10,133 6,470 2,251	\$ 3,963 4,698 133 2,470 251
<b>_</b>	Total revenues	262,000	280,000	291,515	11,515
	EXPENDITURES  General government  Public safety  Public works  Community development  Capital outlay	131,400 32,400 65,000 33,200	160,400 43,200 30,000 50,800	148,734 43,147 29,006 56,614 25,825	11,666 53 994 (5,814) (25,825)
_	Total expenditures	262,000	284,400	303,326	(18,926)
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(4,400)	(11,811)	(7,411)
i i	FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	521,099	521,099	521,099	
	FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ 521,099</u> §	<u> 516,699</u> \$	509,288 \$	(7,411)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

-	Taxes and Penalties Current property taxes Delinquent property taxes Interest and penalties on taxes		Final Budget	\$ Actual 40,829 3,623 590	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	_
_	Property tax administration fees Annexation agreements			 2,921		-
_	Total taxes and penalties	\$	44,000	47,963	\$ 3,963	}
_	State Grants Revenue sharing Metro Act			 219,874 4,824		-
1	Total state grants		220,000	224,698	4,698	
	Charges for Services Zoning changes Summer tax collection Fire runs	Market will		 4,000 5,823 310		
_	Total charges for services		10,000	10,133	133	
	Interest earned		4,000	6,470	2,470	
-	Other Special assessments Other			 2,001 250		
	Total other		2,000	 2,251	251	
	Total revenues	\$	280,000	\$ 291,515	<u>\$ 11,515</u>	

## GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BY ACTIVITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

		 Final Budget	 Actual	Fa	riance vorable avorable)
	General Government				
	Township Board	\$ 64,000	\$ 57 <b>,</b> 140	\$	6,860
	Supervisor	13,000	12,549		451
	Treasurer	20,000	19,924		76
	Assessor	21,400	20,948		452
	Clerk	14,000	13,440		560
	Elections	5,000	4,604		396
	Building and grounds	6,000	4,309		1,691
_	Trash clean up program	6,000	5,743		257
	Cemetery	1,000	900		100
	County computer services	 10,000	 9,177		823
_	Total general government	160,400	148,734		11,666
_	Public Safety Fire protection services	43,200	43,147		53
	Public Works Road maintenance	30,000	29,006		994
	Community Development Planning commission Zoning Board Enforcement	42,600 7,200 1,000	49,408 6,381 825		(6,808) 819 175
_			5.6.61.1		
	Total community development	50,800	56,614		(5,814)
	Capital outlay	 	 25,825		(25,825)
	Total expenditures	\$ 284,400	\$ 303,326	\$	(18 <b>,</b> 926)